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Ductless Heat Pumps

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Outline

- Heat Pump Basics
- Ductless Heat Pumps
 - Efficiency
 - Advantages
 - Commercial installations
- Planning (applications, codes)
- Purchasing (sizing, styles)
- Installation (locating, condensate, power)
- Commissioning
- Maintenance



What is a Heat Pump?





Heat Pump Components Evaporator Compressor **Expansion** Condenser Valve



What's a Split System?

 An HVAC system with components located both inside and outside

Compressor/Condenser – outside Air handler - inside

- Mini Split
- Multi-Zone (Multi-Split)





Multi-Split System

- Suitable for multiple zones with varying loads
- One outdoor unit, several indoor units, one controller





OK, What's a Ductless Heat Pump?

- 30-year history
- Many manufacturers *
- Split system
- Air Source heat pump
- No ducts
- Efficient



* www.nwBuildings.org/dhp.aspx



How Efficient ?

- Seasonal Energy Efficiency Ratio
 # of BTU of cooling from one watt of energy

 SEER = <u>20</u>+
- Heating Season Performance Factor
 # of BTU of heating from one watt of energy
 HSPF = 9+



How Efficient

- What does it save over electric resistance?
- HSPF-COP
- \$1 worth of heat from an electric resistance heat = \$3 worth of heat from a DHP



AHRI

The Air Conditioning, Heating and Refrigeration Institute is a trade association that produces the

AHRI Certified Product Directory

http://www.ahridirectory.org/ahridirectory/pa ges/vrfhp/VRFHP9-17-08.pdf

Advantages of Ductless Heat Pumps

- High efficiency
- Low cost heating and cooling
- Zonal system
- Improve occupant comfort
- Easy installation
- Eliminates ductwork
- Efficient at low outdoor temps



High Efficiency – Lower Cost

- Inverter technology
 - Allows variable speed operation
- High SEER and HSPF
 - SEER ratings of 20+
 - HSPF ratings of 9.0



Zonal Systems

- Only heat or cool areas in use-not the entire building
- Can result in increased occupant comfort
- Ducted systems waste 10% -30%+



Special Considerations in Commercial Installs

- Ventilation requirements
 15-20 cfm/person
 (ASHRAE 62.1 or IMC Chapter 11)
- Interactions with existing systems
 Simultaneous heating and cooling
- Power supply requirements
- Building control systems
- Amount of refrigerant allowed by IMC



Questions?

Next we'll cover

- Planning (applications, codes, purpose)
- Purchasing (sizing, styles, shop)
- Installation (locating, condensate, power)
- Commissioning
- Maintenance



Think you are Ready? Planning Questions

- Is my application a good one?
- Can I meet all required codes?
- Will it save money or improve comfort?
- Can the unit be installed where I want to install it?



Planning: Good Applications

- Add cooling to an existing zone
- Supplemental heating and cooling for an undersized zone
- Heat or cool a small area to allow shutting down a large system
- Computer room
 backup or cooling





Planning: Codes

- Commercial buildings must be ventilated during occupied hours *
- Check airside economizer requirements
 and exceptions
- Simultaneous heating & cooling prohibitions
- Pressure testing of refrigerant lines
- * www.nwBuildings.org/dhp.aspx



Planning: Save Money?

- Offset more expensive heating and/or cooling with higher efficiency equipment
- Extend the life and reduce maintenance of existing equipment
- Zonal heating
- Calculate fuel costs to be sure*
- Value of improved comfort
 - * www.nwBuildings.org/dhp.aspx



Planning: Where NOT to Install

 If your central system has existing problems





Planning: Where NOT to Install

 In hospital treatment areas





 In areas with corrosives or dust in the air



Now You are Ready? Before You Buy

- What size heat pump do I need?
 - Providing heating or cooling or both?
 - Determine the number of zones
 - Calculate heating / cooling loads*
- Voltage requirements
- Comparison shop
- Check for rebates or incentives

* www.nwBuildings.org/dhp.aspx



Sizing Considerations

- Determine the load *
 - Supplemental heating or cooling
 - DHP for entire load?
- Where does ventilation air come from?
 - Does the DHP have to heat or cool outside air? *



Choose an Indoor Unit

- Wall mounted
- Ceiling hung









Choose an Indoor Unit

- In-Ceiling Unit
- Concealed duct (ducted ductless)







Installing Ductless Heat Pumps

- Plan the installation
- Install outdoor unit
- Power supply
- Install indoor unit(s)
- Connect refrigerant and power lines
- Run condensate drain
- Commission the unit

* www.nwBuildings.org/dhp.aspx



How Easy?

[The name of each part and its function]

There are many models, features and appearance will vary, all the figures provide a demostration to introduce the function.



SIMPLE



Installing the Outdoor Unit

- Provide secure mounting
- Check clearances
- Determine line set length and height restrictions
- Locating on building
- Seal wall penetrations





Locating the Outdoor Unit(s)

Outdoor units may be placed on ground or attached to the building













Power Supply

- 208v-230v from electrical panel to outdoor unit
- Provide electrical disconnect
- Provide separate breaker for DHP





Line Sets & Power Connections

- 230 power from panel
- Power to indoor units
- Refrigerant lines
 - 2 indoor units installed





Locating the Indoor Unit(s)

- Noise levels
- Air circulation
- Line set location
- Condensate drain
- Power





Locate the Indoor Unit



- Can installation
 clearances be met?
- If using a concealed duct unit
 - Check allowable duct lengths
 - Never install in unconditioned space









Removable filters for cleaning

Electrical connection













Condensate Line

- Route to storm drain or sanitary drain
 OR
- Provide small condensate pump which may be included with some models
 - Pumps require power
- Trap may be necessary



Commissioning the Unit

- Refrigerant charge R-410
- Recommended: have it done by contractor with the proper equipment
- EPA requires license to service system when refrigerant loss is a risk



Commissioning the Unit

 When ductless heat pump supplements existing HVAC system:
 Set and lock unit cooling and/or heating temperatures so the more efficient heat pump comes on first



Don't Forget Maintenance

- Clean air filter(s) regularly
- Check outdoor coils for blockage
 annually
- Check the condensate drain and pan to make sure condensate can drain freely from the unit
- If using wireless controls, change batteries as needed



Summary

Ductless heat pumps are:

- Market ready
- Efficient
- Easy to Install
- Quiet
- Cost effective
- Available in various design options
- Good supplemental or primary heating or cooling system



More Information

The Northwest Building Efficiency Center has posted supplementary resources related to ductless heat pump technology at:

www.nwBuildings.org/dhp.aspx

Contact Us: Info@nwBuildings.org