2009 Washington State Energy Code Residential Sections

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Produced with funding from:





Washington State University Energy Program Website

- Washington State Energy Code text
- Builders Field Guide
- Prescriptive and Component Performance Worksheets
- Heating System Sizing worksheets
- Duct Testing Affidavit
- Duct Testing Standard
- Air Leakage Testing

www.energy.wsu.edu

Energy Code Support

Residential

- Washington State University Energy Program
- **360-956-2042**
- energycode@energy.wsu.edu
- www.energy.wsu.edu/code
- Gary Nordeen, Luke Howard, Emily Salzberg, Tanya Beavers

Non-residential

- Northwest Energy Efficiency Council
- Lisa Rosenow
- 206-624-0283
- Lisa@putnamprice.com
- www.neec.net



Make sure you're using the correct version!

2009 Washington State Energy Code Chapter 51-11 WAC

January 1st, 2011

Free code text download at: <u>www.energy.wsu.edu/code/</u>

WSEC Layout (101.3)

Chapters 1-10 are for <u>single family</u> residential bldgs

Chapters 11-15 are for <u>commercial and multi-</u> <u>family bldgs.</u>

Shared Chapters

- Chapter 2 Definitions
- Chapter 7 Standards
- Chapter 10 Default U-Factors

Definition: Single Family Residential

See IRC; R101.2, Scope for further details





Alterations: Building Envelope (101.3.2.5)

Insulation levels in remodeled buildings do not have to meet current requirements but framing cavities must be filled to their full depth when exposed.

- 2 X 4 walls must be insulated to R-15
- 2 X 6 walls must be insulated to R-21

Roof/Ceiling Assemblies need required space for ventilation

Furnace Replacement (101.3.2.6)

- Duct *sealing and testing is required when a space conditioning system is altered including
 - Air handler replacement
 - Outdoor condensing unit (AC or HP)
 - Cooling or heating coils
 - Furnace heat exchanger

*Current emergency rule in effect until the end of August requires testing but no sealing

Duct Testing (existing houses)

Compliance options for field verification

- Max. leakage rates:
 - 8% CFA for Total duct leakage
 - 6% CFA for Leakage to exterior

Oſ

Post installation duct leakage reduced by 50%

Oſ

Verification by 3rd party inspector that all accessible leaks have been sealed

Emergency rule requires test result to be documented on the affidavit and submitted to the building department and home owner

Duct testing standards are posted at:

www.energy.wsu.edu/code



Exceptions:

Ducts with less than 40 lineal feet in unconditioned spaces

Ducts that have been previously tested

Ducts containing asbestos

Duct Testing Affidavit (Existing Const.)

Energy Code Support		WASH	INGTON STA	ITE UNIVERSITY IY program
Duct Lea	akage Affidavit (Existing	Constructi	on)	
2ermit #:				
louse address or lot number:				
Dity:	Zip:		-0	
Cond. Floor Area (ft ²):	Source (circle one):	Plans	Estimated	Measured
Duct tightness testing is not required for this resi	dence per exceptions liste	ed at the end	l of this documen	t
Air Handler in conditioned space? 🔲 yes 🔲 no	Air Handler pres	ent during te	est? 🗋 yes 🗋 no)
Maximum duct leakage (check method used): Method 1 Total duct leakage, air handler installed: (floor area <u>Method 2</u> eakage to outdoors: (floor area x .06) =		5 Pa		
est Result:CFM@25Pa				
Ring (circle one): Open 1	2	3		
Duct Blaster Location:	ore than 50% relative to th	e measured	leakage prior to	
Pre-installation test result:CFM@	025Pa			
Post installation test result:CFM				
Post installation leakage rate must be less than 50%	6 of pre-installation rate			
Company Name:	Duct Testing Tec	hnician:		
Date:	Phone Number:			
Method 4				
f it is not possible to meet the duct requirements of nspection and a smoke test by a certified third party		aks shall be	sealed and verifi	ed through a visual
certify that these duct leakage rates are accura eaks have been sealed.		standard o	duct testing prof	ocol and all accessible
Company Name: C	Certified Third Party:			Date:
Vashington State Energy Code reference:				
01.3.2.6 Mechanical Systems: Those parts of systems which are altered or				

2. Ducts with less than 40 linear feet in unconditioned spaces. 3. Existing duct systems constructed, insulated or sealed with asbestos

Certificate (105.4)

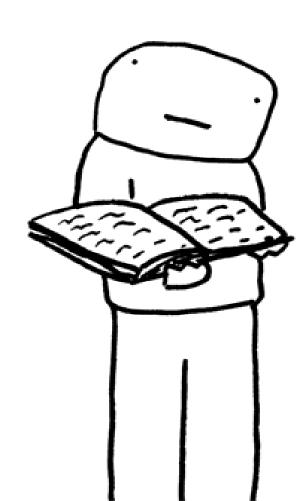
- Posted within 3' of electrical panel
 - Insulation
 - Windows
 - HVAC efficiency
 - Duct leakage
 - Air leakage

See website

Certificate posted at: <u>www.energy.wsu.edu/code</u>

Property	Address:											
Condition	Conditioned Floor Area Date											
Builder o	Builder or registered design professional :											
Signature	2:											
	R-Values											
Ceiling:	Vaulted RFloors Over unconditioned spa	ice R										
	Attic R Slab on grade flo	oor R										
Walls: A	Above grade RDoors	R										
E	3elow, int. R	R										
E	Below, ext. R	R										
	U-Factors and SHGC											
NRFC rating (or) Windows U- SHGC- Default rating (Chapter 10 WSEC 2009) Skylights U- SHGC-												
_												
Chapter 9	9 Option(s) Total Chpt. 9 Credit	<u>s</u>										
System	Heating, Cooling & Domestic Hot Water Type	Efficiency										
Heating												
Cooling												
DHW												
	Duct & Building Air Leakage											
All ducts	& HVAC in conditioned space (yes / no) Insulat	ion R										
Test Met	thod:Total leakageLeakage to exteriorAir h	andler present										
Test Targ	et CFM@25Pa Test Result	CFM@25Pa										
Building	air leakage target: SLA<0.00030 - Tested leakage: SLA=											
	Onsite Renewable Energy Electric Power System											
System ty	pe: Rated annual generation	Kwh										

Chapter 2 – Definitions 44 new definitions added



dic . tio . nary . n. 1: a book everyone should own 2: you might want to buy two just in case 3: maybe yours is old and you need a new dictionary

Definition: NOMINAL R-VALUE:

The thermal resistance of insulation alone as determined in accordance with the <u>U.S. Federal</u> <u>Trade Commission R-value</u> rule.



www.ftc.gov/bcp/rulemaking/rvalue/index.shtml

Chapter #3 Design Conditions

- Table 3-1 added to this chapter
- Lists 100+ locations in Washington
 - Lists Outdoor design temperatures for heating and cooling

<u>TABLE 3-1</u> OUTDOOR DESIGN TEMPERATURES

	<u>Outdoor</u> <u>Design Temp.</u> <u>(in °F)</u>	<u>Outdoor</u> Design Temp. <u>(in °F)</u>
Location	(heating)	(cooling)
Aberdeen 20 NNE	25.0	<u>83</u>
Anacortes	<u>24.0</u>	<u>72</u>
Anatone	-4.0	<u>89</u>
Auburn	25.0	<u>84</u>
Battleground	<u>19.0</u>	<u>91</u>
<u>Bellevue</u>	<u>24.0</u>	<u>83</u>
Bellingham 2 N	<u>19.0</u>	<u>78</u>
Blaine	<u>17.0</u>	<u>73</u>
Bremerton	<u>29.0</u>	<u>83</u>
Burlington	<u>19.0</u>	<u>77</u>
Chehalis	<u>21.0</u>	<u>87</u>

Three Energy Code Compliance Options

Prescriptive

Component Performance

Systems Analysis



Prescriptive: Chapter 6

Option II.

- 25% glazing
- .32 U-factor windows
- R-21 INT walls
- R-38 ADV ceiling
- R-30 floor



Component Performance: Chapter 5

Building Envelope UA Trade-Off

5 Co	mponent Performance, R-3 occupancies	Code 1	Target Values	s	P	ropose	d Design	Values		
3			Area	UA				Area L	JA	
7	Vertical Glazing U =	0.300	330	99.0				362	108.6	
3	Overhead Glazing U =	0.500	0	0.0				0	0.0	
)	Doors U =	0.200	42	8.4				42	8.4	
)	Flat/Vaulted Ceilings U =	0.027	1100	29.7				1100	29.7	
1	Wall (above grade) U =	0.056	2032	113.8				2000	102.0	
2	Floors U =	0.029	1100	31.9				1100	31.9	
2 3 4 5 3 7	Slab on Grade F =	0.360	0	0.0				0	0.0	
4	Below Grade									
5	2' depth, wall U =	0.042	0	0.0				0	0.0	
3	2' depth, slab F =	0.590	0	0.0				0	0.0	
7	3.5' depth, wall U =	0.041	0	0.0				0	0.0	
3	3.5' depth, slab F =	0.640	0	0.0				0	0.0	
9	7' depth, wall U =	0.037	0	0.0				0	0.0	
)	7' depth, slab F =	0.570	0	0.0				0	0.0	
1										
2		Targ	ge_UA Total	282.8			Propose	d UA Total	280.6	
3	Target C	redits fr	ron Chpt. 9	1.0	Pro	posed C	redits fro	om Copt. 9	1.0 <mark>Q</mark>	ualifies
	- D			•			L 11 00			
IT U	ne Proposed UA ≤ the Target UA, and the Propose	ed Cred	its From Chpt	. 9 are ≥	1 than the ho	ome mee	ts the 20	09 WSEC.		

Systems Analysis – Chapter 4

- Same procedure as always
 - Model Target (Base Code) house
 - Model Proposed house
 - Proposed house must be at least 8% more efficient than the Target house.

Systems Analysis – Chapter 4

BATCH REPORT

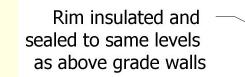
					w	ater		Tax	Energy	y	HERS
Annual Load (MMBtu/yr)		Heatin	ig Co	oling	He	ating	C	redit	Star		Index
H:\WVSEC 2009 + 1C.blg		2	8.2	8.3		17.4		No	No		87
H:\WVSEC 2009 BASE.blg		2	8.2	8.3		17.4		No	No		87
Annual Energy Cost (\$/yr)	He	ating (Cooling	DH	w	L & /	A	PV	Char	ge	Total
H:\WVSEC 2009 + 1C.blg		261	50		277	1	594	-	0	171	1353
H:\WVSEC 2009 BASE.blg		500	52		277		594	-	0	171	1593
Annual Consumption (MMBtu/yr)	Н	eating	Coolir	g	DHW	1	Li	S A	PV		Total
H:\WVSEC 2009 + 1C.big		11.2		2.1		22.8		25.5	-0	.0	61.7
H:\WVSEC 2009 BASE.blg		38.4		2.2		22.8		25.5	0	n	89.0

Insulation (502.1.4.1)

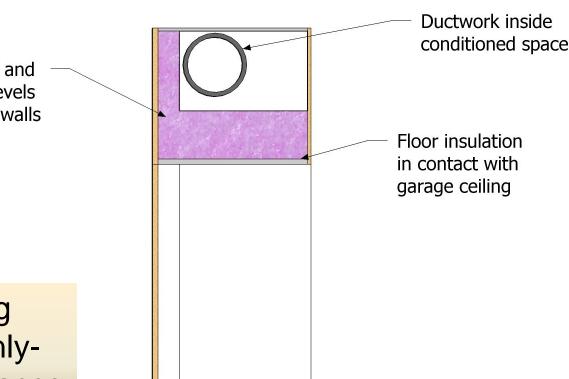
- Substantial contact with the surface being insulated is required
 - There is an exception for floor/ceiling assemblies
- Installed to maintain uniform R-values
- Installed so R-value mark can be seen by the inspector



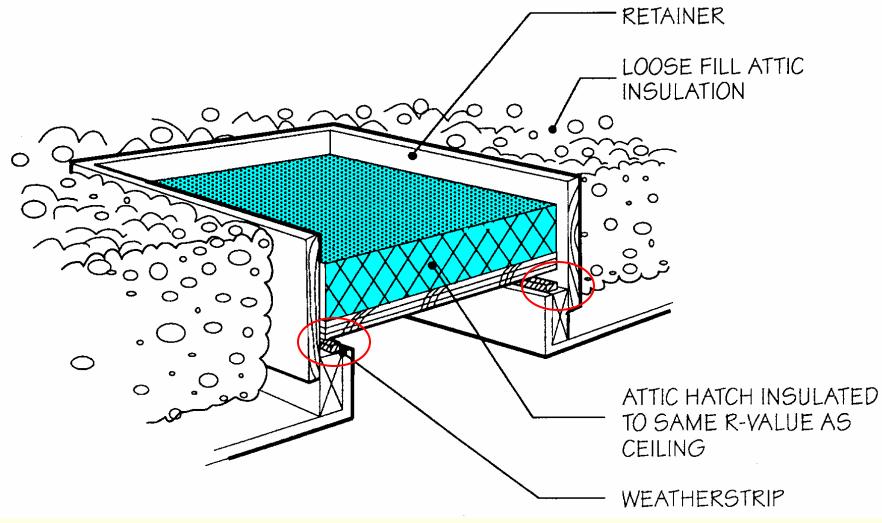
Substantial contact not required in this application (502.1.4.7 Exception)



Floor/Ceiling assemblies onlynot for crawl spaces



Attic Access (502.1.4.4)



Weather stripping reduces air leakage





Pull-down ladder access/knee wall access

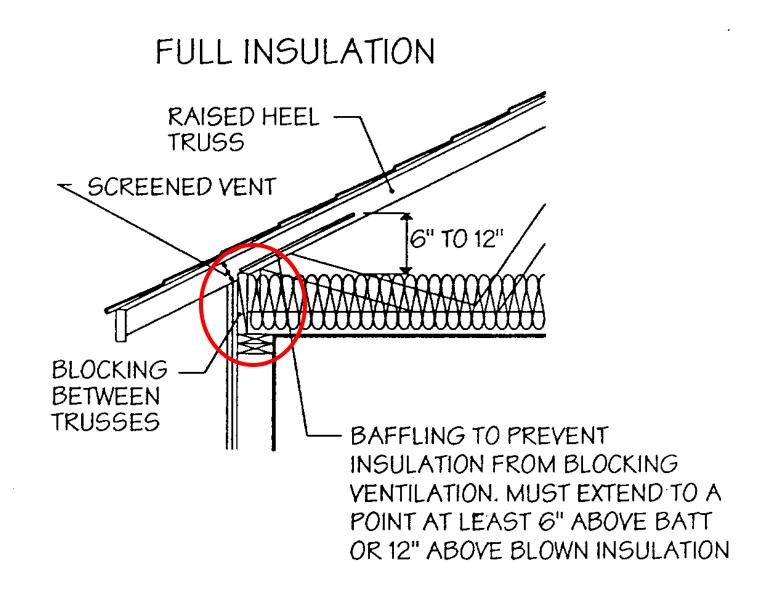




Ceilings: Two Types

- Attics (R-38 ADV framed or R-49)
 - Including Standard and Scissor Trusses
- Single Rafter Joist (R-38)

Advanced Framed Roof



Maintain a minimum 1" airspace



Blown-in Ceiling Insulation



Fiberglass

Cellulose



Insulation Markers (502.1.4.1)



Required for blown-in insulation

Placed every 300 Ft²

Faced toward attic access





Cellulose Depth & Bag Count

Application Cover	age Chart		Product #INS551LD								
R-Value @ 75° F Mean Temperature	Minimum Thic	kness (inches)	Ν	Aximum Net Covera (no adjustment for framing	Gross Coverage (based on 2" x 6" framing on 16" œnters)						
To Obtain a Thermal Resistance of:	Installed Insulation Should Not Be Less Than	Thickness After Settling	Maximum Sq. Ft. Minimum Bags Per 1,000 Min Per Bag Sq. Ft.		Minimum Weight (Ibs) Per Sq. Ft.	Maximum Sq. Ft. Per Bag	Minimum Bags Per 1,000 Sq. Ft.				
R-13	4.1	3.7	55.4	18.0	0.407	61.1	16.4				
R-19	5.9	5.4	36.2	27.6	0.623	40.0	25.0				
R-22	6.9	6.2	30.7	32.6	0.734	33.5	29.8				
R-24	7.5	6.7	27.9	35.9	0.809	30.2	33.1				
R-25	7.8	7.0	26.6	37.6	0.847	28.7	34.8				
R-30	9.3	8.4	21.7	46.1	1.039	23.1	43.2				
R-38	11.7	10.5	16.6	60.1	1.355	17.5	57.1				
R-42	12.9	11.6	14.9	67.2	1.516	15.6	64.2				
R-49	15.0	13.5	12.5	79.9	1.802	13.0	76.8				
R-60	18.3	16.5	10.0	100.3	2.261	10.3	97.1				
SIDEWALLS											
	Wall	Thickness	p	kimum Square Feet er Bag Coverage							
R-value	Thickness	(inches)	16" oc	16" oc 24" oc		16" oc 24" oc Weight per Squa		are Foot			
R-13	(2 × 4)	3.5	32.8	31.7		0.758					
R-20	(2 x 6)	5.5	20.9	20.2		1.192					
R-value/inch: 3.7 Bag Weight : 22.55 lbs.	Attic Density Range: 1.3 Wall Density: 2.6 lbs/cu										







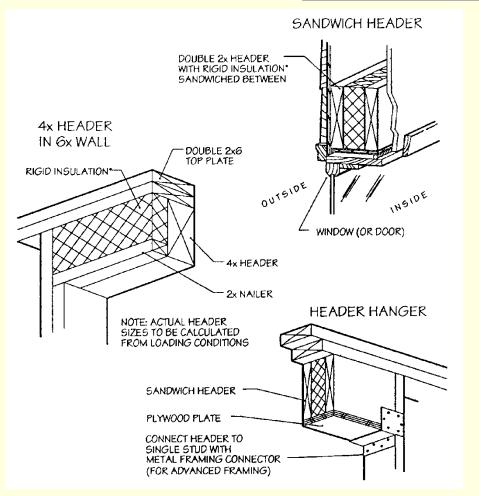


Walls (502.1.4.6)

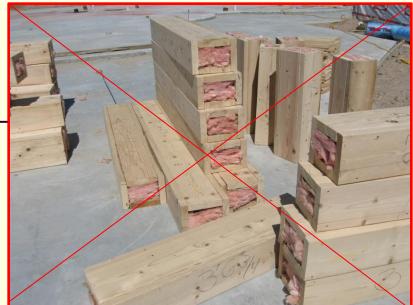
- Climate Zone 1
 - R-21 for all paths
 - All paths are intermediate framing (requires R-10 insulated headers)
- Climate Zone 2
 - R-21 for 12% glazing or less
 - R-19+R-5 for other paths

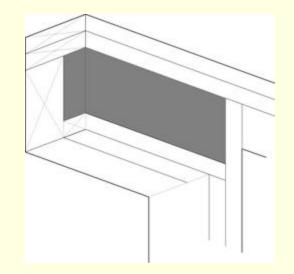
R-21 INT Includes Insulated Headers

All Climate Zone 1 Prescriptive Paths require Intermediate Framing









Above Grade Walls



<u>If six studs are</u> <u>good...</u> WOLF STEEL

La de la composition

line must be better.

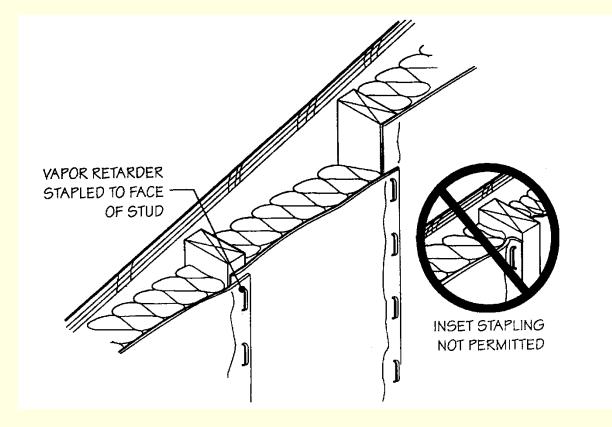
Interio de las

CALIFIC LINE

III

國

Stapling Insulation (502.1.6.6)





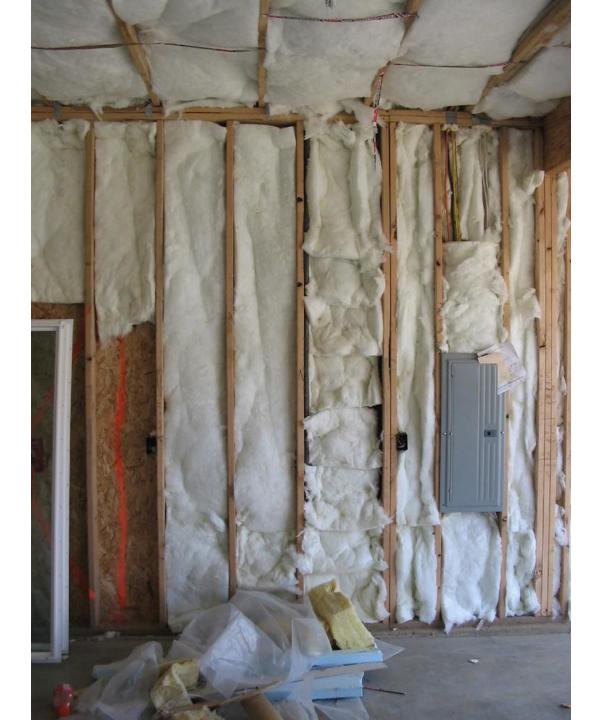












Not so good

23

BIBs System

N









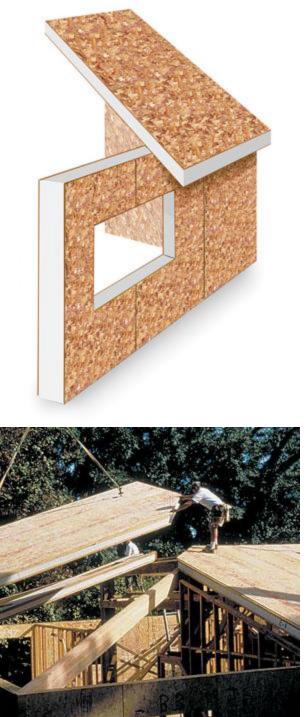




Spray Foam

SIPS Panels







Insulated Concrete Forms

ICF's







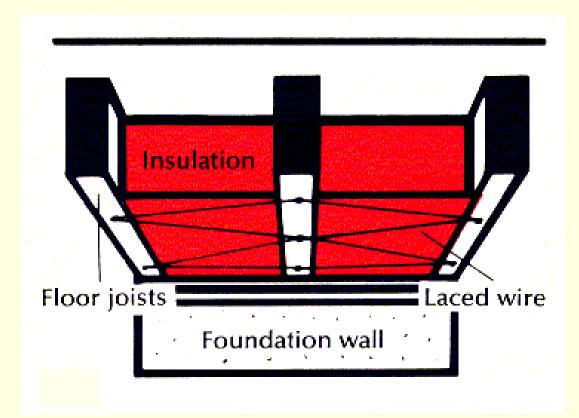






R-30 Climate Zone 1

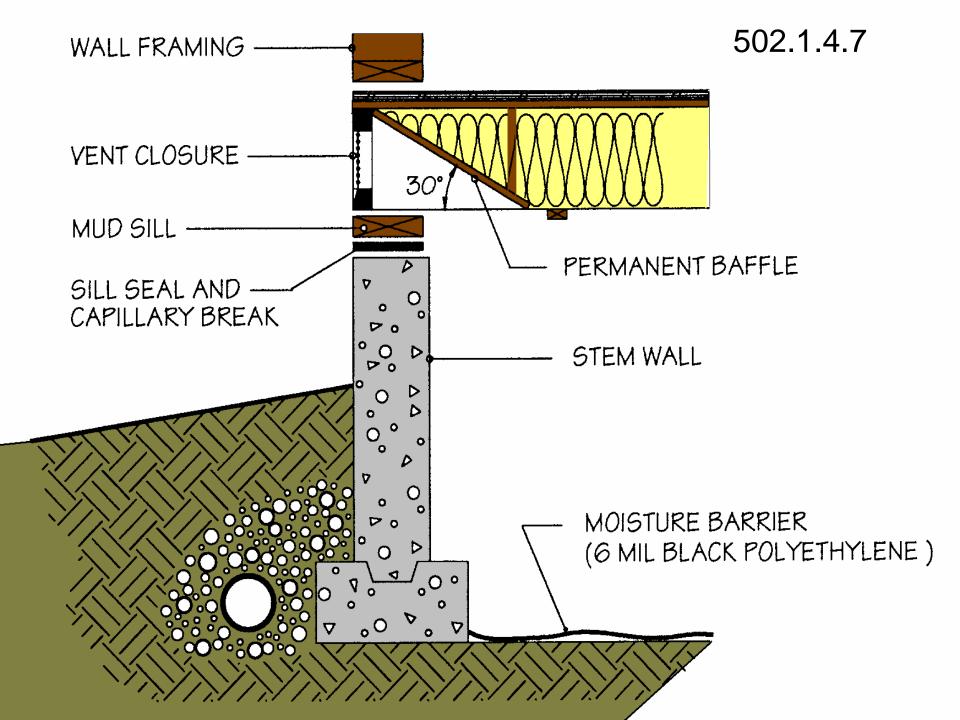
R-30 Climate Zone 2



Floor Insulation Installation (502.1.4.7)

- Installed in a permanent manner
- Insulation in substantial contact with the surface being insulated
- Supports 24" o.c. max
- Don't block vents with insulation batts





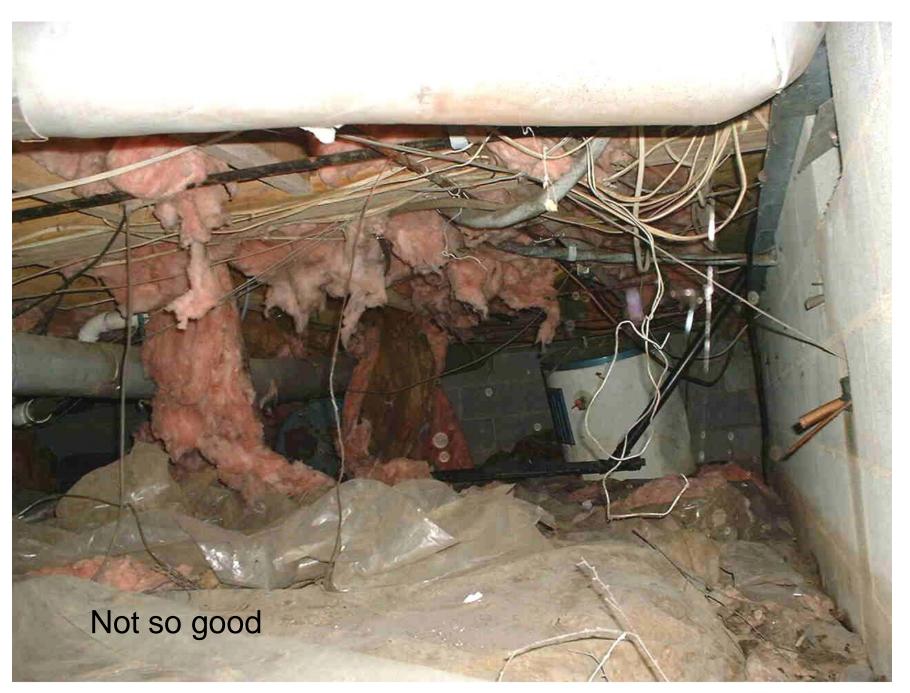
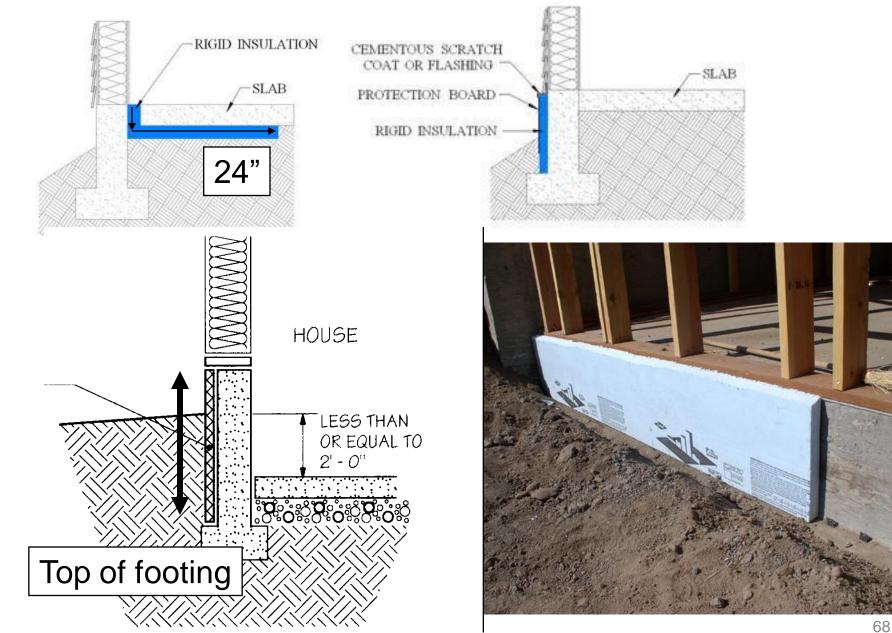
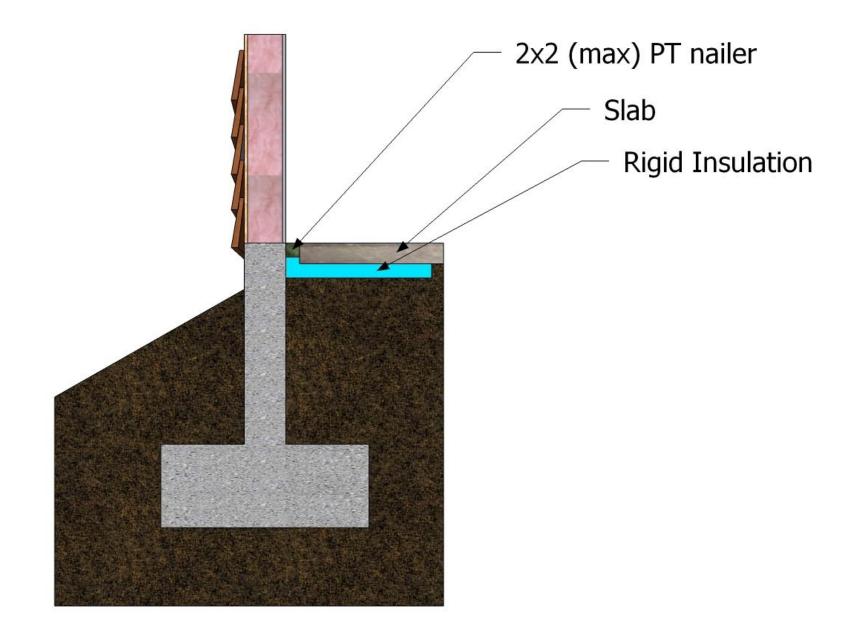


photo by Bill Warren, Advanced Energy



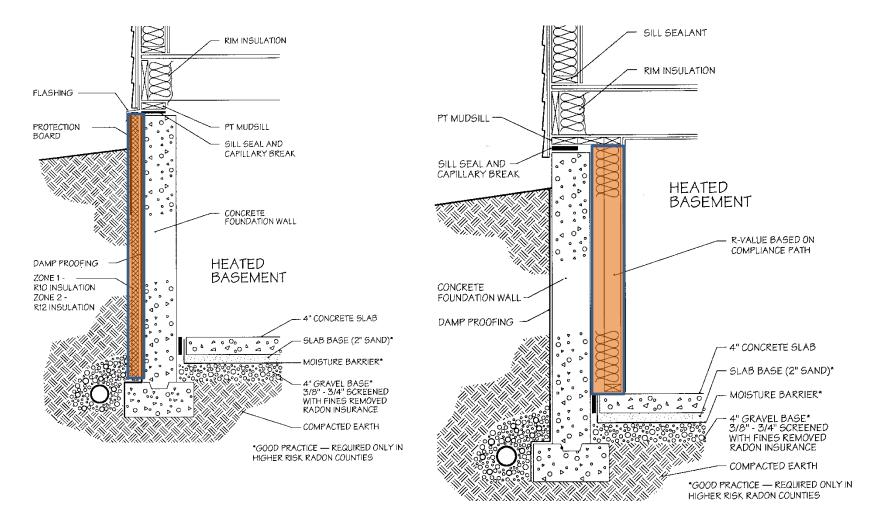


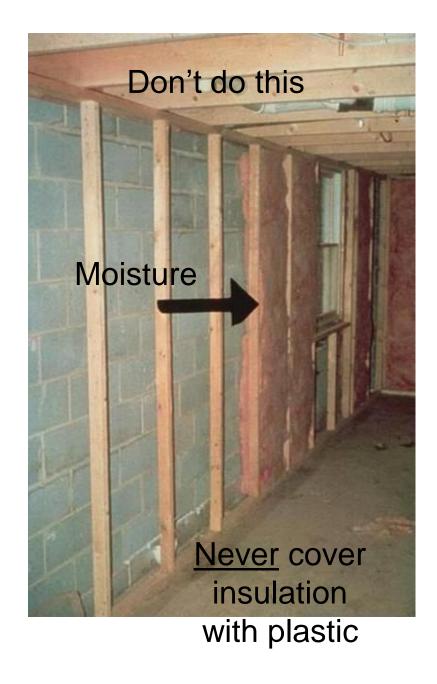
Radiant Slabs (502.1.4.9)

- R-10 insulation under the <u>entire</u> slab
 - Radiant slab
 insulation cannot
 be traded off



Below Grade Wall and Slab







Windows

Climate Zone 1 13% or less = U-.34 25% or less = U-.32 • Unlimited = U-.30Climate Zone 2 12% or less = U-.32 15% or less = U-.32 • Unlimited = U-.30



Glazing and Door U-Factors (502.1.5)

U-Factors determined by:

NFRC Test Methods

or

- Chapter 10 Defaults
- 3 complicated exceptions have been deleted



Area Weighted U-factors

Area weighted U-factor allowed for single above grade components (602.7.2)

Example of Area Weighted U-Value Calculation:

Window #1 area 10 ft2 U = .34 U x A = 3.4 Window #2 area 15 ft2 U = .28 U x A = 4.2Total area 25 ft2 Total U x A = 7.6 Area weighted average 7.6/25 = 0.30

Moisture Control

- Vapor retarders required in:
 - Walls
 - Faced batts, sheet goods, vapor retarder paint
 - Floors
 - Decking material typically meets requirement
 - Ceilings
 - Not required if ventilated space above insulation is 12" or greater

Exception for Ventilated Attics

Unvented, conditioned attics are allowed under certain conditions



See website

Unvented Attic Criteria

- Unvented attic contained completely within the building thermal envelope.
- NO vapor retarders installed at ceiling level.

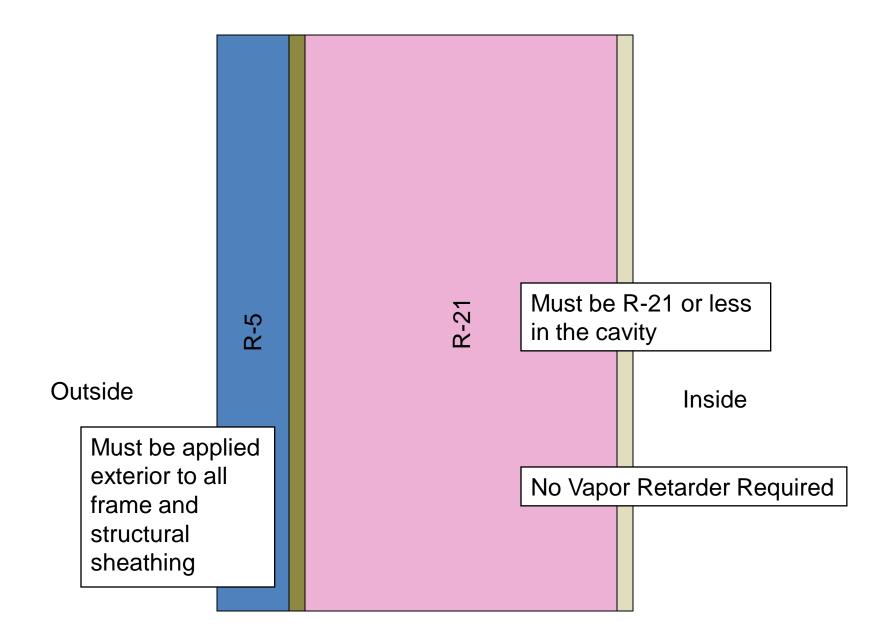


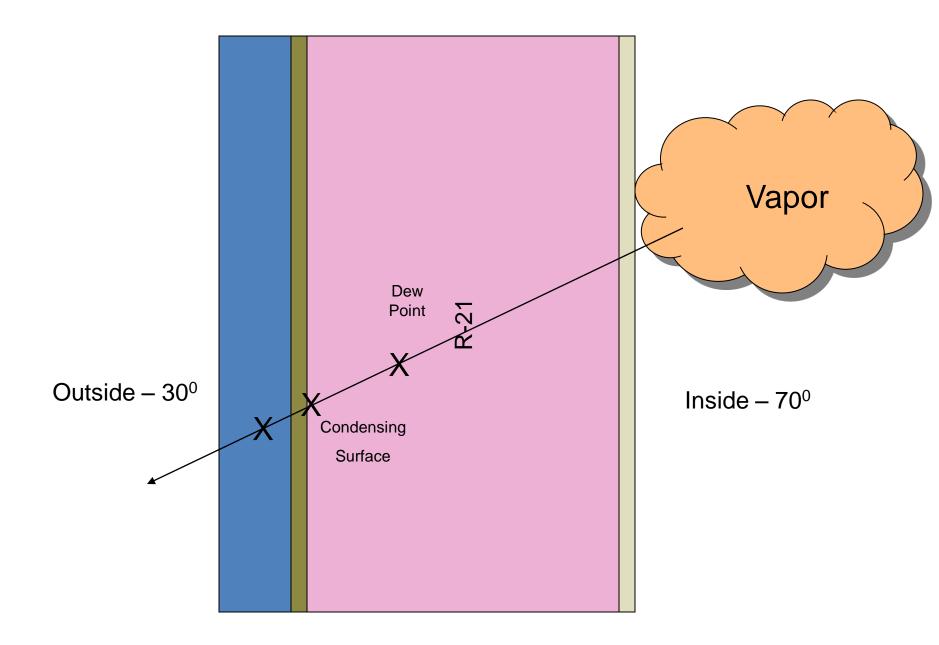
Moisture Control (506.1.6.1)

- 502.1.6.1 Vapor Retarders: Vapor retarders shall be installed on the warm side (in winter) of insulation as specified in the following cases.
- EXCEPTION: Vapor retarder installed with not more than 1/3 of the nominal R-value between it and the conditioned space.

502.1.6.6 Walls:

- 502.1.6.6 Walls: Walls separating conditioned space from unconditioned space shall have a vapor retarder installed. Faced batt insulation shall be face stapled.
- Exception: No vapor retarders required for walls with exterior foam sheathing
 - R-5 Climate Zone 1
 - R-7.5 Climate Zone 2





Supplement E

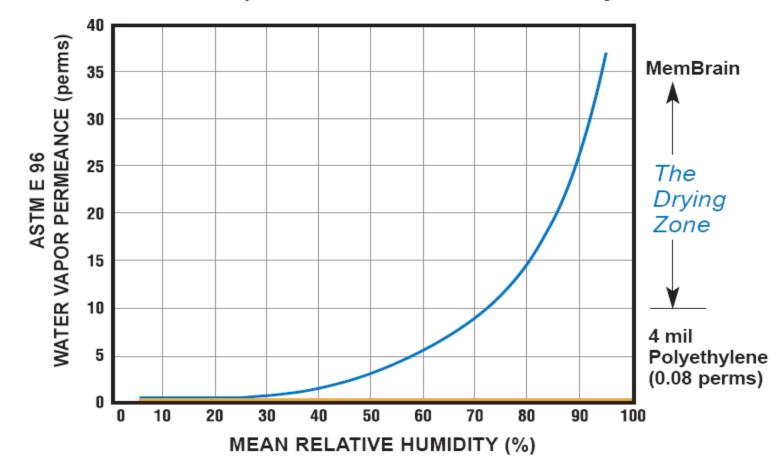
Permeance Values for Common Building Materials*

Materials	Permeance
Polyethylene (4 mil)	0.08
Latex Primer/Sealer	6.28 (1 coat = 0.0012")
Vapor Retarder Paint	0.45 (1 coat = 0.0031")
Polyvinyl Acetate Latex (PVA)	5.5 (3 coatings – 4 oz/sf)
Vinyl Acrylic Primer Latex	8.62 (1 coat = 0.0016")
Kraft Paper (Asphalt Impregnated)	0.03
15 lb Asphalt Felt Paper	1.0
Gypsum Wall Board (3/8")	50
Plywood (1/4" w/exterior glue)	0.7

See Builder's Field Guide www.energy.wsu.edu/code

Variable Resistance Materials

MemBrain permeance increases with humidity





Air Leakage (502.4)

Typical air infiltration can account for 25% to 40% of a home's heat loss



Penetrations in top and bottom plates – all walls



- Wiring penetrations in electrical boxes exterior walls only
- Sole Plates Inside the structure where the bottom plate and sub-floor meet. Easy to install and verify.



Rim Joists between
 heated floors – Can
 be applied either on
 the interior or
 exterior



Any other
 penetrations
 between inside
 and outside the
 house









Recessed Lighting

- Leaky recessed lights may account for \$5 to \$30 each worth of energy loss per year
- Each unsealed light may serve as a conduit for the movement of about 1/3 of a gallon of water daily into a cold attic

502.4.4 Recessed Lighting Fixtures: Installed in Insulated Assemblies

- Must be tested for air leakage using ASTM E283
- A gasket or caulking must seal the fixture to the drywall
- Other options for fixture air sealing, including field inspection and a sealed box have been deleted.

Residential and Non-residential

Building Air Leakage Testing (502.4.5)

- Air leakage testing required for new houses
- Blower door is required
- Maximum leakage allowed:
 - .00030 SLA (Specific Leakage Area)

See website



(Specific Leakage Area)

SLA = (CFM50 X .055) / (CFA X 144)

SLA = (1790 X .055) / (2240 X 144)

SLA = 98.45 / 322,560

Calculating SLA

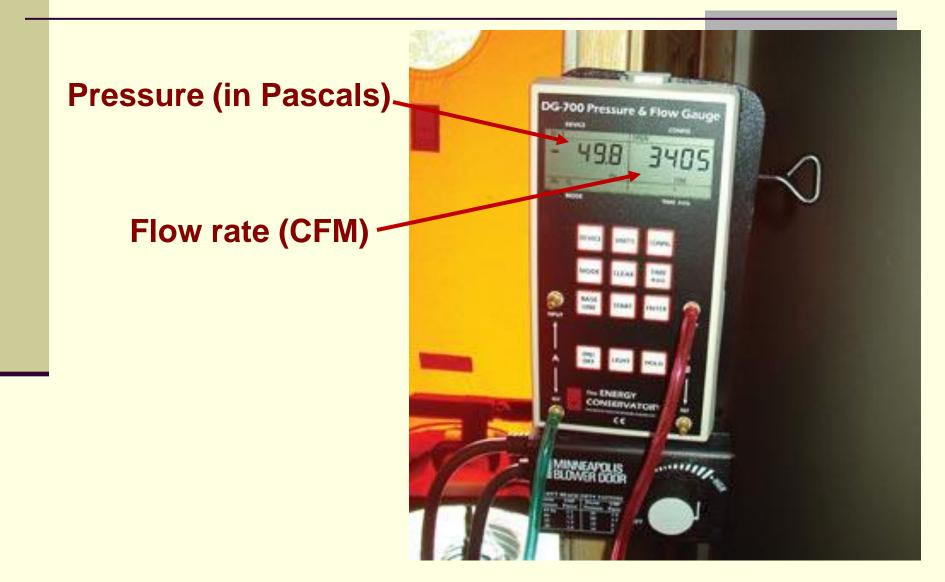
SLA = .00030

Duct tes	-	culator (New Construct	ion)	
	At Rou	ıgh-in (Total Leakage)		
	CFA of Home	Standard ¹	Calculated Target	Test ² CFM ₂₅
Air Handler Present		\leq 6 CFM ₂₅ per 100 sf of CFA		
Air Handler <u>not</u> Present		\leq 4 CFM ₂₅ per 100 sf of CFA		
	P	ost Construction		
	CFA of Home	Standard ¹	Calculated Target	Test ² CFM ₂₅
Air Handler Present (Total Leakage)		\leq 8 CFM ₂₅ per 100 sf of CFA		
Air Handler Present (Leakage to Exterior)		\leq 6 CFM ₂₅ per 100 sf of CFA		
Air Handler <u>not</u> Present		\leq 4 CFM ₂₅ per 100 sf of CFA		
		of the Standards options. s than the calculated target.		
Air L	eakage testi	ng Calculator (Blower Door Test)		
Standard	CFA of	Tested CFM ₅₀	Test Re	sult

Home

0.00030 SLA FM₅₀ X 0.055) / (CFA X 144)

What the numbers mean

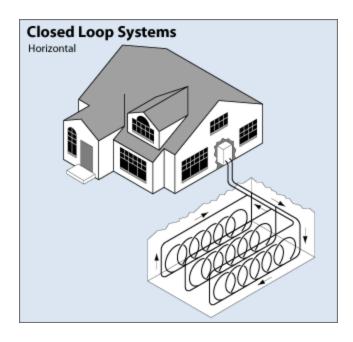


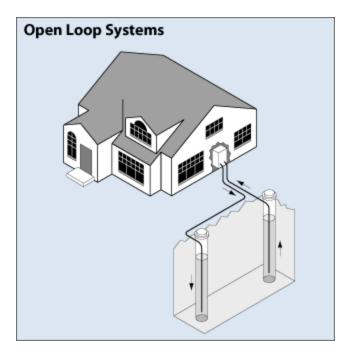
HVAC Controls (503.8)

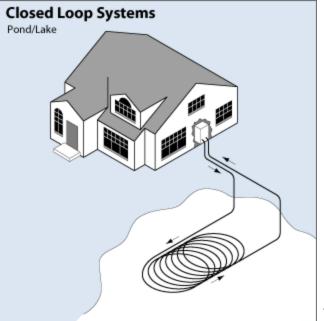
- Primary space conditioning systems in each dwelling unit require a programmable thermostat
- Each additional system within a dwelling unit must have an adjustable thermostat
- Programmable stat must have a 5-2 schedule (minimum)











Heat Pump Controls (503.8.3.5)

- Heat Pumps with supplemental electric resistance heaters shall have controls that:
 - Prevent supplementary heater operation when the load can be met by the heat pump alone
 - Supplementary heat lock out based on outdoor temp.
 - Max. setting of 40°F
 - Set to 32⁰ or less at final inspection





HVAC System Sizing (503.2.2)

- Heating/cooling systems limited to 150% of design heat load except:
 - Systems less than 40,000 Btu/h are exempt from sizing requirements



Ducts (503.10.1)

- Installation of ducts in exterior walls, floor or ceilings cannot displace required insulation
- Building cavities cannot be used as ducts



Duct Testing (503.10.2)

- Ducts located outside the conditioned space must be tested
- Maximum leakage rates specified in RS-33

See website





Duct Testing Standards

Rough-In Testing Targets:

- Total leakage $\leq 6\%$ of the CFA at 25 Pa
- Total leakage ≤ 4% of the CFA at 25 Pa if air handler has not been installed
- Post Construction Testing Targets:
 Total leakage ≤ 8% of the CFA at 25 Pa
 or
 Leakage to exterior ≤ 6% of the CFA at 25
 Pa

Duct Testing Standards

Exceptions:

Duct tightness test is **<u>not</u>** required if –

The air handler and all ducts are located within conditioned space.

or

The furnace is a nondirect vent type combustion appliance in an unconditioned space with a <u>maximum of 6 feet</u> of ductwork in the unconditioned space.



Resources for Standard and Testing

Energy Code Support	W	ASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
1	Duct Leakage Affidavit	
Permit #:		
House address or lot number:		
City:	Zip:	
Cond. Floor Area (ft ²):	Source (circle one):	Plans Estimated Measured
Duct tightness testing is not required for th	is residence per exceptions	s listed at the end of this document
Air Handler in conditioned space?	no Air Handler prese	nt during test? 🗌 yes 🗌 no
Circle Test Method: Leakage to C	Dutside Total Le	eakage
Maximum duct leakage: Post Construction, total duct leakage: (floo	or area x .08) =CF	M@25 Pa
Post Construction, leakage to outdoors: (f	loor area x .06) =	_CFM@25 Pa
Rough-In, total duct leakage with air hand Rough-In, total duct leakage with air hand		
Test Result:CFM@25Pa		
Ring (circle one if applicable): Open	n 1	2 3
Duct Tester Location:	Pressure Tap L	ocation:
I certify that these duct leakage rates are a	accurate and determined u	using standard duct testing protocol.
Company Name:	Technician:	
Technician Signature:	Date: Ph	one Number:
Washington State Energy Code reference: 503.10.2 Sealing. All ducts, air handlers, filter boxes, and with Section M1601.3 of the <i>International Residential</i> Co- conducted to verify that the ducts are sealed. A signed all authority by the testing agent. When required by the build Exceptions: 1. Duct tightness test is not required if the a 2. Duct testino is not required if the furnace	de or 603.9 of the International Me fidavit documenting the test result ding official, the test shall be condu air handler and all ducts are locate	chanical Code. Duct tightness testing shall be s shall be provided to the jurisdiction having ucted in the presence of department staff.

2. Duct testing is not required if the furnace is a nondirect vent type combustion appliance installed in an unconditioned space. A maximum of sinfeet of connected ductwork in the unconditioned space is allowed. All additional supply and return ducts shall be within the conditioned space. Bucts outside the conditioned space shall be sealed with a mastic type duct sealant and insulated on the exterior with R-8 insulation for above grade ducts and R-5 water resistant insulation when within a slab or earth.

Duct Testing Affidavit

Duct tes	ting Calo	culator (New Construct	ion)	
	At Rou	ugh-in (Total Leakage)		
	CFA of Home	Standard ¹	Calculated Target	Test ² CFM ₂₅
Air Handler Present		\leq 6 CFM ₂₅ per 100 sf of CFA		
Air Handler <u>not</u> Present		\leq 4 CFM ₂₅ per 100 sf of CFA		
	P	Post Construction		
				2
	CFA of Home	Standard ¹	Calculated Target	Test ² CFM ₂₅
Air Handler Present (Total Leakage)		\leq 8 CFM ₂₅ per 100 sf of CFA		
Air Handler Present (Leakage to Exterior)		\leq 6 CFM ₂₅ per 100 sf of CFA		
Air Handler <u>not</u> Present		\leq 4 CFM ₂₅ per 100 sf of CFA		
		of the Standards options. Is than the calculated target.	·	
Air Le	eakage testi	ng Calculator (Blower Door Test)		
Standard	CFA of Home	Tested CFM ₅₀	Test Re	sult
0.00030 SLA ((CFM ₅₀ X 0.055) / (CFA X 144))				

Glossary

Rough-In: After installation of the complete air distribution system but before installation of insulation and sheet rock. Allows for access to all duct seams and connections for re-evaluation of seal integrity if standard is not met in intitial test.

Post Construction: At or near final inspection. The home must be complete enough to pressurize the home to 25 pa.

Total Leakage: Aggregation of the entire systems duct leakage in a duct test.

Leakage to Exterior: Aggregation of all duct system leaks to the exterior of the CFA in a duct test. CFA: Conditioned floor area

CFM₂₅: Cubic feet per minute of air leakage at 25 pascals of pressure

CFM₅₀: Cubic feet per minute of air leakage at 50 pascals of pressure

Pascal (pa): Unit of pressure

SLA: Specific leakage area

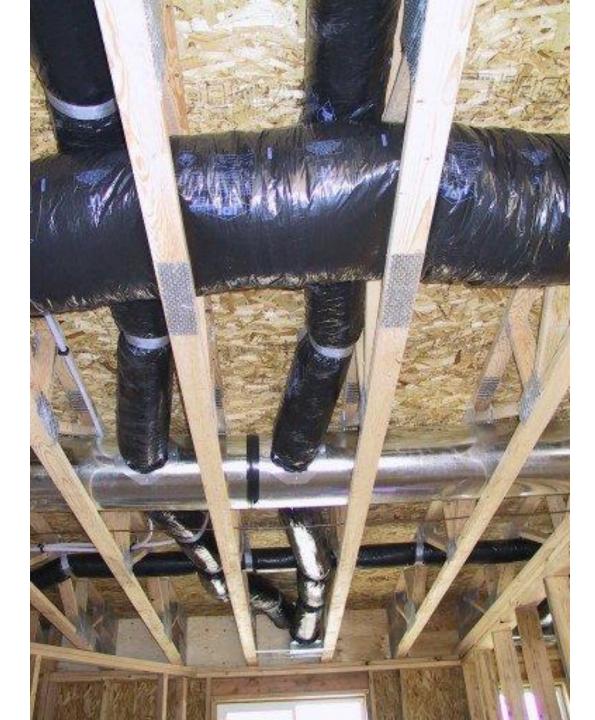
Test Result Calculator













What do you expect for \$850,000? A good duct system?

© Erin Hamernyik





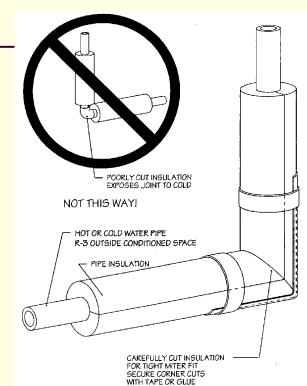
Demand Water Heaters

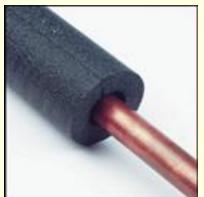




Service Water Heating

- •R-3 Pipe insulation required outside the conditioned space
- •R-10 pad required for electric water heaters on unconditioned floors







Indoor Lighting (505.1)

- 50% of all indoor luminaires (fixtures) shall be high efficacy
 Interpretation from
- Interpretation from SBCC allows for screw in LEDs or CFLs.





Outdoor Lighting

 High efficacy luminaire required for lighting *attached to the building* or
 Must have photo daylight control and a motion

sensor

GU 24 Base



Lighting: Linear Fluorescent Fixtures

- 505.3 Linear Fluorescent Fixtures:
 - This rule applies to typical fluorescent tube fixtures
 - Linear fluorescent fixtures must be fitted with T-8 (1" diameter) or smaller lamps (but not T-10 or T-12 lamps)



Table 6-1

Prescriptive Requirements for Single Family Residential Climate Zone 1

Option	Glazing %	Vertical Glazing	Overhead Glazing	Door U-Factor	Ceiling	Vaulted Ceiling	Wall Above grade	Wall (interior) Below grade	Wall (exterior) Below grade	Floor	Slab On grade
I.	13%	.34	.50	.20	R-49 or R-38 ADV	R-38	R-21 INT	R-21 TB	R-10	R-30	R-10
ΙΙ.	25%	.32	.50	.20	R-49 or R-38 ADV	R-38	R-21 INT	R-21 TB	R-10	R-30	R-10
III.	Unlimited	.30	.50	.20	R-49 or R-38 ADV	R-38	R-21 INT	R-21 TB	R-10	R-30	R-10

Table 6-2

Prescriptive Requirements for Single Family Residential Climate Zone 2

Option	Glazing %	Vertical	Overhead	Door	Ceiling	Vaulted	Wall	Wall	Wall	Floor	Slab
		Glazing	Glazing	U-Factor		Ceiling	Above	(interior)	(exterior)		On
							grade	Below	Below		grade
								grade	grade		
١.	12%	.32	.50	.20	R-49 or	R-38	R-21 INT	R-21 TB	R-12	R-30	R-10
					R-38 ADV						
.	15%	.32	.50	.20	R-49 or	R-38	R-19+R-5	R-21 TB	R-12	R-30	R-10
					R-38 ADV						
			=0		D 40	D 20	D 40 D 5	D 04 TD	D 10	D 00	
.	Unlimited	.30	.50	.20	R-49 or	R-38	R-19+R-5	R-21 TB	R-12	R-30	R-10
					R-38 ADV						

Energy Credits Chapter 9

Dwelling

 units must
 develop <u>one</u>
 credit from
 the following
 options







High Efficiency HVAC Equipment

Gas, propane or oil furnace. Min. AFUE 92% Or Air-source heat pump Min. HSPF 8.5 Or Ground Source Heat Pump Min. COP 3.3

1.0 credit

2.0 credits

High Efficiency HVAC Equipment

Ductless split system heat pump

- House must have electric zonal as primary heating system
- Ductless heat pump shall provide heating to at least one zone



High Efficiency HVAC Distribution Components

- All heating and cooling components located inside the conditioned space
 - Must be direct vent or sealed combustion
 - Components located in a conditioned crawl space are not allowed
 - Electric resistance heat is not allowed
 - Direct combustion heating equipment (i.e. room heaters, fireplaces, etc.) with an AFUE less than 80% not allowed

Efficient Building Envelope #1

- Prescriptive compliance based on Table 6-1 (Climate Zone 1) with modifications:
 - Windows U-.28
 - Floor R-38
 - Slab-on-grade R-10 fully insulated
 - Below grade slab R-10 fully insulated or
- Component Performance (Zones 1 and 2)
 Reduce Target UA 5%

Efficient Building Envelope #2

- Prescriptive compliance based on Table 6-1 (Climate Zone 1) with modifications:
 - Windows U-.25
 - Walls R-21 + R-4
 - Floor R-38
 - Slab-on-grade R-10 fully insulated
 - Below grade slab R-10 fully insulated
 - R-21+R-5 below grade basement walls

or

- Component Performance (Zones 1 and 2)
 - Reduce Target UA 15%

Super Efficient Building Envelope #3

- Prescriptive compliance based on Table 6-1 (Climate Zone 1) with modifications:
 - Windows U-.22
 - Walls R-21+R-12
 - Ceiling R-49 ADV
 - Floor R-38
 - Slab-on-grade R-10 fully insulated
 - Below grade slab R-10 fully insulated
 - R-21+R-12 below grade basement walls
 - or
 - Component Performance (Zones 1 and 2)
 - Reduce Target UA 30%

Air Leakage Control and Efficient Ventilation

 Air Leakage rate reduced to .00020 SLA (3.7 ACH50) and

The Whole House
 Ventilation System is
 a heat recovery
 ventilator





Additional Air Leakage Control and Efficient Ventilation

- Air Leakage rate reduced to .00015 SLA (2.8 ACH50) and
- The Whole House Ventilation System is a heat recovery ventilator



Efficient Water Heating

 Gas, propane or oil water heater
 Min. EF .62
 Electric water heater
 Min. EF .93 and



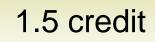
- Low flow faucets
 - Shower and Kitchen sink = 1.75 GPM
 - All other lav. Faucets = 1.0
 GPM

.5 credit

High Efficiency Water Heating

- Gas, propane or oil water heater
 - Min. EF .82
- Solar water heating (supplemental)
 - Min savings 2000 kWh/year
 - Electric heat pump water heater
 - Min. EF 2.0





House size credits and debits

- Dwelling units less than 1500 ft²
 - Max. window and door area is 300 ft²
 - Includes additions less than 750 ft²
- Dwelling units exceeding 5000 ft²

-1.0 credit



Renewable Electric Energy

- Solar or wind
 - .5 credits per 1200 kWh of generation provided annually
 - 3.0 credits max

